





Charles River Reservation Footbridge Projects/Trail Corridor Proposal





May 7, 2009, 6:30 – 8:00 pm Newton-Wellesley Hospital Auditorium, Newton





Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Governor

Deval L. Patrick

Lieutenant Governor

Timothy Murray

Energy and Environmental Secretary

Ian A. Bowles

Department of Conservation and Recreation Commissioner Richard K. Sullivan, Jr.

Accelerated Bridge Program Overview

- Authorization:
 - C. 233 of the Acts of 2008
- Program Goals:
 - Improve the condition of the Commonwealth's bridges
 - Stimulate economic development and job creation
 - Save money by completing projects sooner
 - Complete projects efficiently and innovatively
 - Transparency and accountability



Engineering of Structures and Building Enclosures





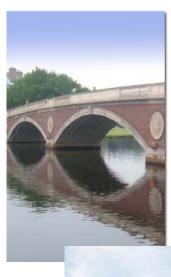
Accelerated Bridge Program Overview

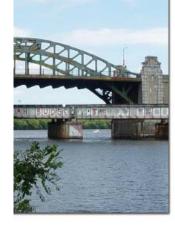
- Size and Scope
 - MassHighway: \$2.078 billion
 - Rehabilitation or replacement of 191 bridges
 - Preservation of 305 bridges
 - DCR: \$906 million
 - Rehabilitation or replacement of 29 bridges
 - Preservation of 50 bridges

Total Program: \$2,984,000,000



and Building Enclosures





Charles River Reservation Footbridge Projects

Consultant Design Team

Simpson Gumpertz & Heger:

Project Management and Structural Engineering

- Michael McCall, P.E. Principal in Charge
- Gregory Imbaro, P.E. Project Manager
- Welch Associates: Land Surveying
- Epsilon Associates: Environmental Permitting
- GEI Consultants: Geotechnical Engineering
- Childs Engineering: Underwater / Diving Inspection



Charles River Reservation Footbridge Projects

Recreation Road Footbridge "Stringer" bridge



Riverside Park Footbridge "Pony Truss" bridge



Lower Falls Footbridge "Trestle" bridge





dcr 😵 Department of Conservation and Recreation

Aerial View



Charles River Reservation Footbridge Projects

Project Benefits:

- Improved public safety for bridge users
- Improved pedestrian access across Charles River
 - Recreational use
 - Commuter use
 - Access to commercial center
- Improved connections to existing trail segments



Recreation Road Footbridge

- A former road bridge (Riverside Road) previously converted to pedestrian use, circa 1980
- Connects the Towns of Newton and Weston
- Downstream from Riverside Park and an active railroad bridge
- Near Lasell College boathouse and MWRA facility



Recreation Road Footbridge History and Description

- Original bridge constructed circa 1850
- Road use abandoned circa 1980
- Approximately 200 ft. long
- Three spans across the Charles River
- Two steel "stringer" construction
- Abutments have concrete footings and timber-tie walls
- Piers have reinforced concrete caps over original mortared stone masonry walls





Recreation Road Footbridge Existing Conditions

- Concrete parts of abutments and piers are in generally good condition
- From divers' inspection, large holes (5 ft wide) found in stone walls of piers, below normal waterline
- Steel stringers in good condition, but no spare capacity for higher loads
- Timber deck and railings are rotted and have surpassed their useful life





Recreation Road Footbridge Project Scope

- Restore footbridge for pedestrian use
- Remove existing timber deck and railings
- Construct new preservative-treated timber deck and timber railings
- Use stainless steel and galvanized/coated steel hardware
- Provide same width path (6 ft, 2 in.) as existing over bridge between railings – existing steel stringers cannot handle loads from wider superstructure
- Replace timber portions of abutments with concrete



Recreation Road Footbridge Project Scope (continued)

- Repair holes in masonry pier walls with concrete
- Dewater around piers to perform repairs within temporary cofferdam or "porta-dam" structure
- Investigate scour potential of riverbed around piers
- Provide scour countermeasures (riprap), if susceptible
- Clean and paint existing structural steel, implementing full lead abatement measures and using shielding



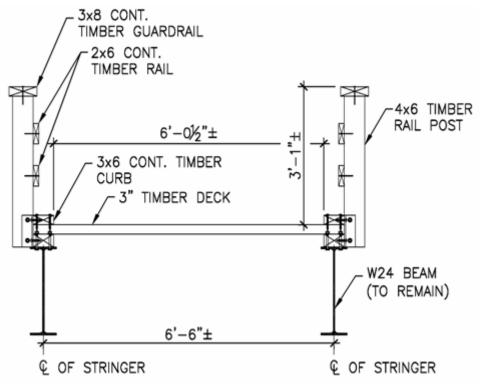
Recreation Road Footbridge - Staging

- Use existing parking lot
- In discussions to use unused portion of road at MWRA facility
- Use DCR property at each end of bridge – restore any damaged grass areas at completion of project





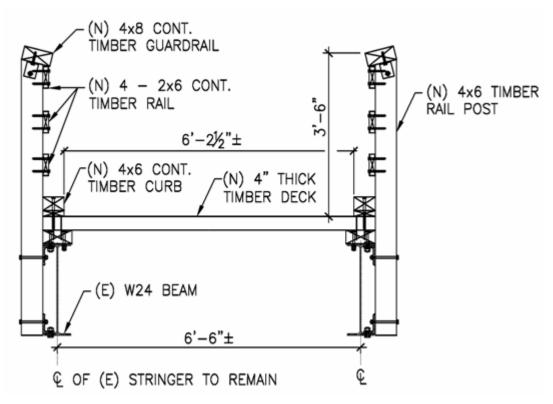
Recreation Road Footbridge Existing Cross-Section





Engineering of Structures and Building Enclosures

Recreation Road Footbridge Proposed Cross-Section

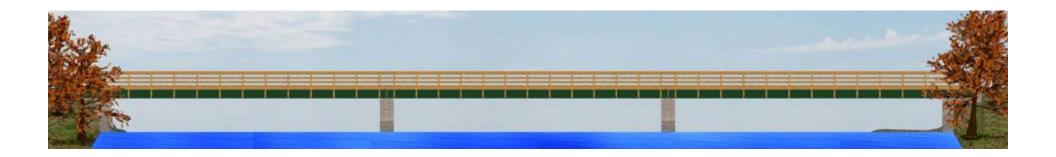






Recreation Road Footbridge

Drawing of completed footbridge





Riverside Park Footbridge

- A historic steel "pony-truss" bridge
- Connects the Towns of Newton and Weston
- Provides a path from Riverside Park to trails along railroad and trolley lines
- Upstream from active railroad bridge across Charles River





Riverside Park Footbridge History and Description

- Constructed circa 1920
- Approximately 78 ft. long
- Always used only as a pedestrian bridge
- Riveted steel "pony-truss" construction
- Newer timber floor (stringers & deck)
- Single span across the Charles River
- Mortared stone masonry abutments
- Unknown foundations below masonry



Riverside Park Footbridge Existing Conditions

- Timber deck is in fair condition, but nearing the end of its useful service life
- Steel floorbeams at ends of bridge heavily rusted, need replacement
- Steel trusses in generally good condition; paint system on trusses is compromised to various extents
- Parts of original pipe railing have failed; top pipe rail on upstream side has fallen off, is lying on deck





Riverside Park Footbridge Existing Conditions (continued)

- From divers' inspection, large hole in west abutment due to partial collapse of breast wall – only partially visible above normal waterline
- Entire west abutment leans down toward downstream side of bridge, causing some racking distortion in steel superstructure
- Movement of west abutment may be causing compression/buckling of bottom chord





Riverside Park Footbridge Project Scope

- Restore historic footbridge for pedestrian use
- Remove and replace existing preservative-treated timber floor system – deck and stringers
- Remove and replace deteriorated steel floorbeams
- Install mesh panels as part of railing structure
- Repair steel trusses and bearings in place
- Provide same width path as existing over bridge between trusses
- Clean and paint existing structural steel, implementing full lead abatement measures and using shielding



Riverside Park Footbridge Project Scope (continued)

- With trusses temporarily supported, dismantle the west abutment, construct a new reinforced concrete footing and backup walls, and rebuild stone masonry outer walls with existing stones
- Dewater around abutment to perform repairs within temporary cofferdam or "porta-dam" structure
- Investigate scour potential of riverbed around abutments
- Provide scour countermeasures (riprap) if susceptible



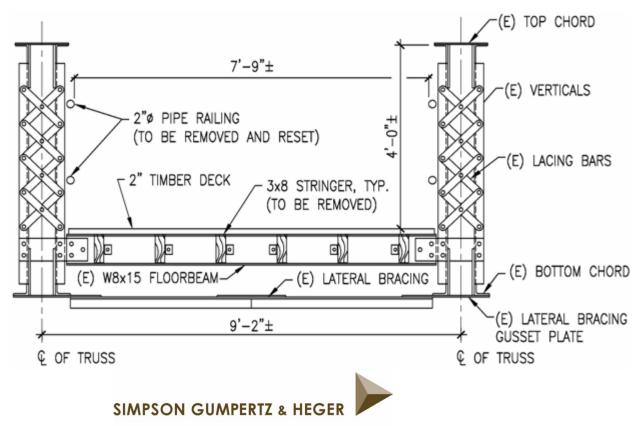
Riverside Park Footbridge – Staging

- Use existing DCR parking lot
- Use paved trail to bring in materials and equipment
- Use DCR property at each end of bridge – restore any damaged grass areas at completion of project



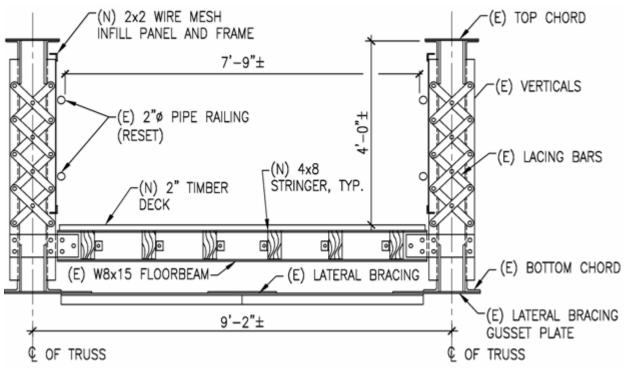


Riverside Park Footbridge Existing Cross-Section



Engineering of Structures and Building Enclosures

Riverside Park Footbridge Proposed Cross-Section





Riverside Park Footbridge

Drawing of completed footbridge





Lower Falls Bridge

- A former railroad bridge to be converted to pedestrian use
- Connects the Towns of Newton and Wellesley
- Near Newton Lower Falls
- Near former Grossman's site in Wellesley





Lower Falls Bridge History and Description

- Constructed as railroad bridge in 1910
- Railroad use abandoned circa1970
- Approximately 100 ft. long
- Two spans across the Charles River
- Riveted steel girder construction
- Abutments and center pier are reinforced concrete construction
- Current "deck" consists of old timber railroad ties SIMPSON GUMPERTZ & HEGER





Lower Falls Bridge Existing Conditions

- Concrete abutments and pier are in generally good condition
- Steel girders have surface rust, but were designed for railroad loading, so have spare capacity for foot traffic
- Old railroad ties are rotted and not reusable
- Soil has eroded around abutments, especially at Newton end of bridge





Lower Falls Footbridge – Project Scope

- Convert former railroad bridge to pedestrian bridge having 10 ftwide path between railings
- Remove existing timber ties
- Construct new preservative-treated timber deck and timber railings
- Use stainless steel and galvanized/coated steel hardware
- Clean and paint existing structural steel, implementing full lead abatement measures and using shielding
- Stabilize trail/top of slopes immediately adjacent to Newton abutment with stone riprap



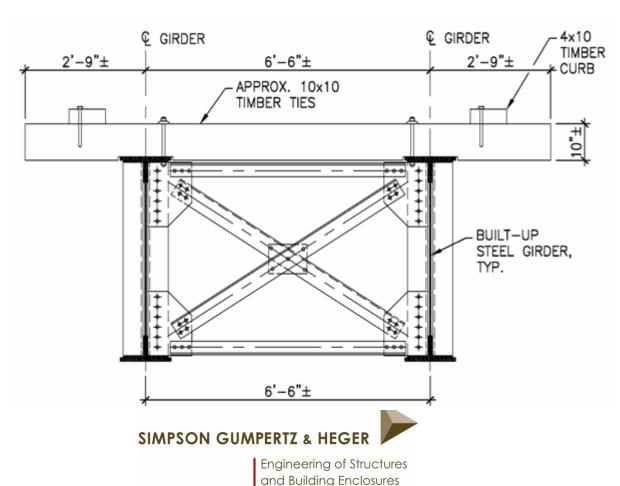
Lower Falls Footbridge - Staging

- Negotiate use of existing parking lot
- Use former railroad bed to bring in materials and equipment
- Limit tree removal to recent "volunteer" growth in former rail bed

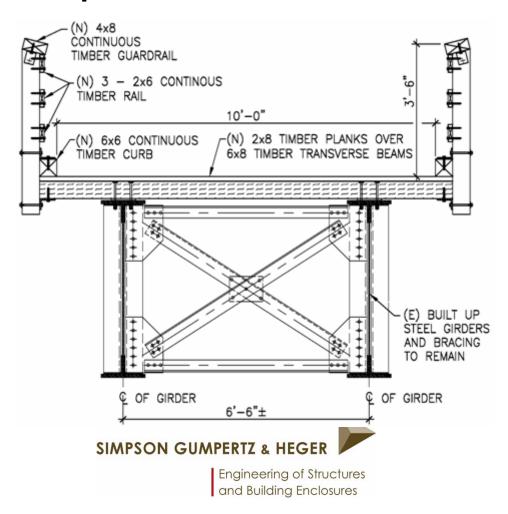




Lower Falls Bridge Existing Cross-Section



Lower Falls Footbridge Proposed Cross-Section





Lower Falls Footbridge

Drawing of completed footbridge





Charles River Reservation Footbridge Projects- Schedule



and Building Enclosures

Lower Falls Footbridge and Trail Segments

- Lower Falls Footbridge at 90% design, funded through the Accelerated Bridge Program
- Trail segments between Concord Street and Washington Street in design phase





Lower Falls Trail Segments

Design funding in partnership with:

- Wellesley NRC gift funds
- Wellesley trails funds
- Newton Conservators
- Newton Bicycle/ Pedestrian Task Force
- Charles River Watershed Association



DCR's Upper Charles River Reservation Initiative













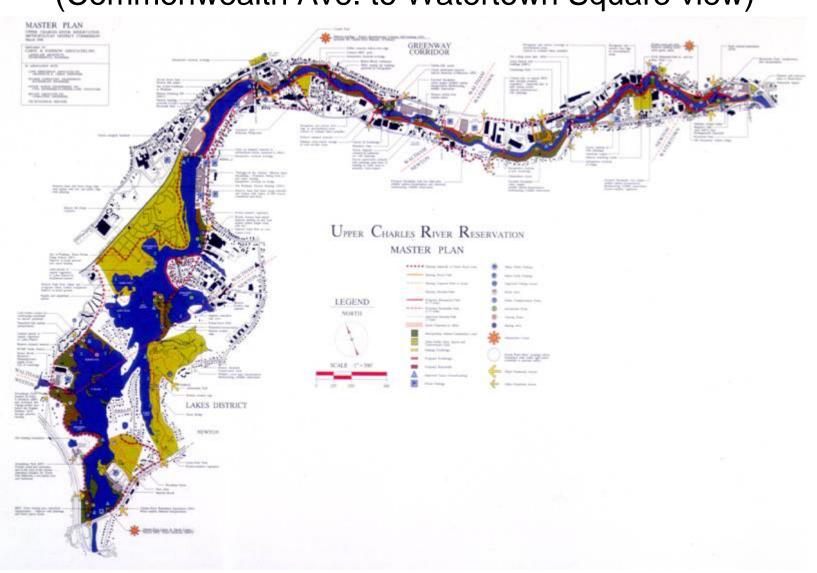
DCR's Upper Charles River Reservation Initiative

- In the 1990's, DCR completed an 8 year planning effort for the entire Charles River Reservation, including six miles of new pathway, three mini parks, and three new pedestrian bridges.
 - Implement strategies for sustainable greenways, balancing access and impacts of trails in sensitive areas
 - Minimize site disturbance, restore degraded sites, preserve and enhance wildlife habitat, use native planting
 - Minimize material impacts and life-cycle costs, use vandalproof, enduring materials, minimize water needs and use and energy use, and use recycled materials



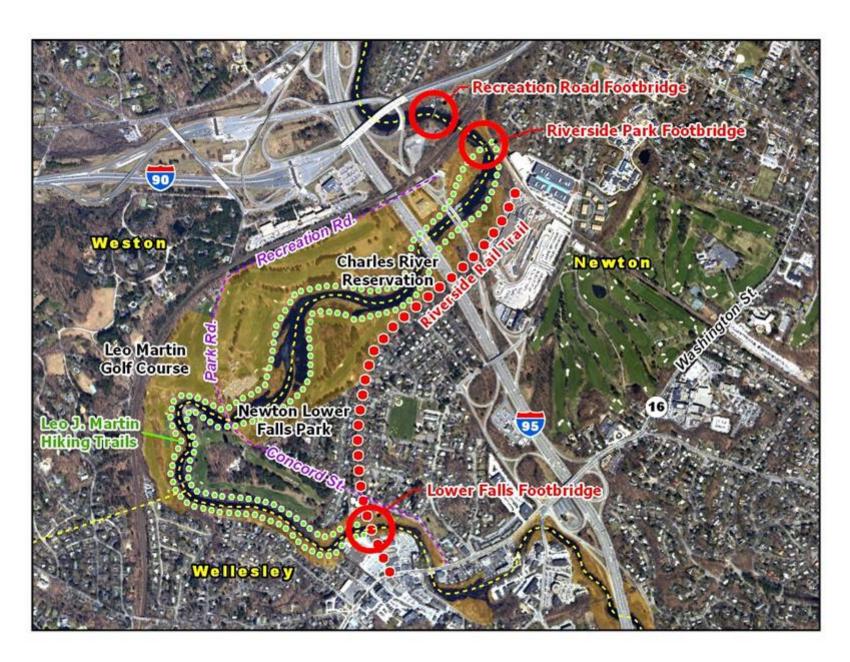


DCR's Upper Charles River Reservation Initiative (Commonwealth Ave. to Watertown Square view)



Alternative Pedestrian/Bicycle Routes for Newton/Wellesley/Weston Area

- Recreation road corridor
- Leo J. Martin hiking trail
- Riverside rail trail



Recreation Road Corridor

 Connects Recreation Road/Park Road/Concord Street

 On-road route for advanced cyclists and sidewalk route for pedestrians to walk to Wellesley and the Lower Falls area

Leo J. Martin hiking trails

- Off-road trails along both sides of the Charles River
- Offers hikers scenic vistas and access to nature
- Hard surface trail design at this site would be problematic due to
 - environmental issues, including flood plains, wetlands, mature native tree growth, and habitat
 - Proximity to golf course and safety implications
 - Limited design capacity for handicapped accessibility

Proposed Riverside Rail Trail

 Located between Riverside Park in Newton and Washington Street in Wellesley

 Handicapped accessible,10-foot wide, 1.1 mile asphalt path with two-foot shoulders

Proposed Riverside Rail Trail Public Benefits

- Improved off-road access for pedestrians, bicyclists, and handicapped persons to park, T station, and commercial center
- Reduced risk of fire from removal of overgrown brush
- Community cohesion

Additional Information

- For more information
 - Web: <u>www.mass.gov/dcr</u>
 - Email: dcr.updates@state.ma.us
 - Phone: 617-626-4974
- For more information on Accelerated Bridge Program
 - Web: <u>www.mass.gov/acceleratedbridges</u>

Questions & Answers





DCR Mission Statement

To protect, promote and enhance our common wealth of natural, cultural and recreational resources.

